The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,264.

Price 3d.] EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, JUNE 23. 1787.

NEWTON's WORKS.

This day is published,

In six volumes 12mo, price 18 s. the fine, and 13 s. 6 d. the common paper,

LETTERS AND SERMONS,

With a Review of Ecclesiastical History, and Hymns.

By JOHN NEWTON,

Rector of St Mary, Woolnoth, London.

Vol. I. contains, an Authentic Narrative of some remarkable and interesting particulars in the life of Mr ——, and forty-one Sermons.

Vols. II. and III. consist of Cardiphonia; or the Utterance of the Heart, in the course of a real correspondence.

Vol. IV. contains Twenty-six Discourses or Sermons.

Vol. V. includes a Review of Ecclesiastical History, and a Sermon preached on Feb. 21. 1781. the day appointed for a General Fast.

Vol. VI. consists of Olney Hymns.

Printed and Sold by MURRAY and COCHRANE, the Publishers, at their Printing-house, Craig's Close.

Sold also by J. Dickson, C. Elliot, M. Gray, and W. Laing, Edinburgh; W. Coke, Leith; J. Duncan, Dunlop and Wilson, and J. and W. Shaw, Glasgow; Angus and Son, Aberdeen; and R. Nicoll, Dundee.

Of whom may be had,

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This edition is of the same size and type with the three volumes of the author's works, published at Edinburgh in the year 1780.

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JUST arrived by the Betsey, Miller, from London, a neat assortment of FOREIGN SNUFFS, viz.

Superfine Strasburgh in Canisters.	Superfine Maquaba.
Finest Dunkirk Rappee.	Very best Seville.
Best Paris Rappee.	Finest Brazil.
Superfine Dutch, No. 37.	Ditto Spanish.
Ditto ditto, No. 4.	Ditto St Vincents.

Best plain Rappee, plain Snuff, and Small Brown.

TOBACCOS.

Superfine Saffron Cutt.	Aloa ditto, in quarters, halfs, and libs.
Second ditto, ditto.	Best small brown Twist.
Best Shag Cutt.	Twist.
Best thick and small Black.	
Finest Pigtail.	

Orders addressed to R. SHEPPARD, first laigh Shop above the head of Strichen's Close, High Street, Edinburgh, will be pointedly attended to.

N. B. Good allowance to dealers who take a quantity.

PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE,

Lombard Street, London.

PERSONS insured by this Company, whose annual Premiums will fall due at MIDSUMMER, are requested to take notice, that printed acquittances (issued from, and chequed at this Office) are now in the hands of the several Agents.

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By Order of the Directors,
H. A. HARDY, Sec. of the Country Department.

FOR ST PETERSBURGH DIRECT,

THE SHIP

Betsey and Brothers,

DAVID WISHART Master,

Will be clear to sail the 4th July, has good accommodation for passengers. For freight or passage out, apply to Peter Forrester and Company, Edinburgh; or Peter and Francis Forrester and Company, Leith, who have for sale,

Russia Tallow of good quality.
A Quantity of fine Battins.
Memel Logs.
Gottenburgh Iron of different sizes.
Dantzick and Petersburgh Pearl Ashes.

A parcel of Old Sails, standing Rigging, and Spars, very useful for ships fitting out. Some of the sails little used.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,

The SMACK

BETSY of DUNBAR,

WILLIAM MILLER Master.

Is lying in Leith harbour, taking in goods for London, and sails positively the 7th July.

This vessel has good accommodation for passengers, who will meet with the best usage.

For freight and passage, apply to the Captain, at his house, Precious Close, or to Robert Hewat, Alexander's Land, shore, Leith.

FOR NEW-YORK,

The Brigantine JEANIE,

DANIEL MARTIN Master,

Is now taking on board goods at Greenock for New York, and will be clear to sail by the 10th of July.

For freight or passage apply to William Clark, at Messs. Archibald and William Coats, Glasgow, and Archibald M'Gowan, or John Johnston, Greenock.

The Jeanie is British-built, only 18 months old, is about 170 tons burden, and has excellent accommodation for cabin and steerage passengers.

Greenock, June 11. 1787.

This day is Published,

And Sold by ELPHINSTON BALFOUR,

And by the AUTHOR, at his house, Paterson's Court, Edinburgh,

(In two large Volumes quarto, price 1 l. 10 s. in boards,) Dedicated by permission, to the Right Hon. HENRY DUNDAS of Melville, Treasurer of the Navy, and one of his Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council,

The Office, Powers, and Jurisdiction

OF

His Majesty's Justices of Peace and Commissioners of Supply.

IN FOUR BOOKS.

By ROBERT BOYD, L. L. D.

BANK OF SCOTLAND.

22d June, 1787.

THE General Meeting of Proprietors, in July 1787, will be held at their Office, on Monday the 9th at noon.

JAMES FRASER Secretary.

JOHN BEGRIE,

GROCER, TEA AND SPIRIT DEALER,

Head of Bess-Wynd, Edinburgh,

HAS just now on hand a considerable quantity of exceeding high flavoured REAL SWEDISH TEA, which he is selling on the most moderate terms for ready money.—He has likewise some excellent good OLD JAMAICA RUM at 9 s. per gallon. These goods are warranted to the public, as superior to any articles of the kind exposed to sale in this place.

N. B. J. B. neither *mixes* nor *compounds* Spirits.

TEAS AND SPIRITS.

JOHN GRAY, Tea and Spirit Dealer at the Cross, south side of the High Street, Edinburgh, takes this method of returning his most grateful thanks to a generous Public, for the many favours he has experienced from them.

At same time, begs leave to inform them, that he has at present a very large quantity of TEAS and SPIRITS, which he is now selling at the following reduced prices, viz.

TEAS, per lib.	s.	d.		s.	d.
Bohea,	2	0	Good ditto,	7	6
Congo,	3	6	Single ditto,	5	0
Middling ditto,	4	0	Very best French brandy	8	0
Finest ditto,	4	6	Good ditto,		0
Souchong,	5	0	British ditto,	4	6
Fine ditto,	5	6	Very best Hollands Gin,	6	0
Finest Swedish ditto,	6	0	Good ditto,	5	0
Single,	4	0	British ditto,	3	6
Hyson,	7	0	Cinnamon Waters,	5	6
Very best ditto,	8	0	Shrub,	4	0
SPIRITS, per gal.			Best old Whisky, warranted from malt only,	3	0
Very best old Jamaica Rum,	8	0	Good ditto,	2	8
			Single ditto,	2	6

N. B. For the accommodation of his Friends in the country, JOHN GRAY has opened a Warehouse in Musselburgh, opposite the Tolbooth, where he is selling Teas and Spirits of the same quality and prices as above.

GOTTENBURGH TEAS, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

JOHN SWANSTON,

At the head of Carrubber's Close,

ACQUAINTS his Friends and the worthy Trades of Edinburgh, that he has still on hand above twenty hundred weight of high-flavoured Gottenburgh and other Black and Green TEAS; also some thousand Gallons of Foreign and British SPIRITS in the original packages, and at the following reduced prices, viz.

TEAS, *per lib.*	s.	d.	SPIRITS, *per gallon.*	s.	d.
Bohea,	1	10	Best Jamaica Double Rum,	8	0
Congou Leaf,	2	6	Ditto in quantities,	7	0
Congou,	3	8	Single ditto,	6	0
Good Congou,	4	0	Coniac Brandy,	8	0
Fine ditto,	4	6	Good ditto,	7	0
Finest ditto,	5	0	Ditto ditto,	6	0
Souchong,	5	3	Best British Brandy,	4	6
Fine ditto,	5	6	Best Holland's Gin,	5	6
Finest,	6	0	Best British ditto,	4	0
Good Green,	4	0	Shrub,	4	0
Fine ditto,	6	0	Kerntosh,	5	0
Hyson,	7	0	Old Proof Whisky,	3	0
Very fine ditto,	7	6	Good Whisky,	2	8
Finest Hyson,	8	0	Ditto,	2	6
Best Coffee Beans,	1	8			

☞ SUGARS at the old prices.

The above Teas and Spirits will be found a bargain, and may be seen at J. SWANSTON's shop, or at his warehouse, Bishop's Land Close.

By Authority of his Majesty's Letters Patent,

ÆTHEREAL ANODYNE SPIRIT,

Prepared by the Proprietor and Inventor, WILLIAM TICKELL, Apothecary and Chymist, of the City of Bath.

THIS Medicine has great efficacy in all diseases of the stomach. It strengthens its tone, creates appetite, promotes digestion, expels flatulence, and quiets pain. It is a most powerful remedy in the Gout in the Stomach, in Cramps, Spasms, Hysterical and Hypochondriacal Complaints; and in violent gouty attacks may be administered as an Anodyne, with the greatest safety.

It has equal virtues in many diseases of the Breast, as the Asthma, Hooping Cough, and all other Coughs unattended with inflammation; and in Hectical Habits, it perhaps more efficaciously relieves that cough which is the forerunner of a consumption, than any other medicine. But its peculiar excellence is in the cure of that dreadful and generally fatal disease, the DROPSY of the BREAST; and there is every reason to conclude, from its hitherto successful exhibition, that it has specific virtues in that disorder. It has also been given with remarkable success, in the Anasarca, as well as the Ascites, or Dropsy of the Belly; and is probably the most certain Diuretic hitherto discovered.

The Æthereal Anodyne Spirit, and Specific Pills for the Dropsy, are sold, by appointment of the proprietor, at Mr Newberry's, No. 45, St Paul's Church Yard; by Mr Cruttwell, at his printing-office in Bath; and by Mr N. R. CHEYNE, bookseller, St Andrew's Street, New Town.

The Æthereal Anodyne Spirit is sold retail in bottles of 7 s. and 3 s. 6 d. each, stamp-duty included. The Spetific Pills for the Dropsy, in boxes of 2 s. 6 d. duty included.

N. B. The virtues of this Medicine are further illustrated in a Treatise which is just published, price 2 s.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of ANDREW MARJORIBANKS, Mason and Feuer in Thornhill.

THE Lords of Session this day, upon the application of the said Andrew Marjoribanks, with concurrence of a Creditor, to the extent required by act of Parliament, sequestrated the whole real and personal estate of the said Andrew Marjoribanks; and appointed the Creditors to meet within the house of John Spittal, inn-keeper in Thornhill, upon the 29th June current, at one o'clock afternoon, to chuse an interim factor,—whereof all concerned are hereby informed and desired to take notice.

Edinburgh, June 23. 1787.

LOST,

A RED CORNELIAN SEAL RING, ROMAN Setting, cut with a head, and an inscription engraved on the inside. Whoever has found the same, or bringing it to Patrick Robertson, jeweller, shall have a handsome reward.

WANTED,

A FURNISHED HOUSE in the country, consisting of five or six rooms, with all the necessary conveniencies for a family: The distance from Edinburgh not to be further than 50 nor nearer than 10 miles. A market town must be within a moderate distance.

Any person having such a house to set, may signify the terms to Kenneth Mackenzie junior, writer to the signet, James's Court.

Sale of London Porter.

TO be SOLD by public roup, at twelve o'clock, on Monday the 25th current, in the Warehouse of Anderson and Cundell, merchants in Leith,

Forty Hogsheads good LONDON PORTER.—This parcel was consigned by the Eliza, Capt. Sampson, and will be put up in such lots as purchasers may incline.

Boarding School at Inverness.

THE Magistrates of Inverness, considering it of consequence to the north of Scotland, to have a reputable person properly qualified for Boarding YOUNG LADIES, and teaching them the different branches of Female Education—they have, therefore, given encouragement to Miss M'LELLAN, (who kept a Boarding School at Perth, with established reputation for several years) to settle at Inverness.—From the strong recommendations she has procured from several Ladies of distinction, the Magistrates have every reason to hope she is in all respects qualified for that important charge.

The public are hereby informed, that she is to open School upon the 1st day of July next, in that large lodging in Church Street, lately possessed by the Collector of the Customs, where she has good accommodation for Boarders; and being provided with a proper Assistant, such Parents and Guardians as incline to entrust Miss M'Lellan with the care of Young Ladies, may depend on her discharging her duty to them in every respect to their satisfaction.

THOMAS WALKER,

QUALITY-STREET, LEITH,

TAKES the liberty of informing his Friends in particular, and the public in general, That the Copartnery of THOMAS WALKER and SONS being dissolved, he now does business for *himself*, and will be happy to render them all the service in his power, in the line formerly carried on by the Copartnery; particularly in buying and selling all sorts of GOODS and MERCHANDIZE on Commission.—To which he has added that of an Accomptant and licensed Auctioneer; in which branches he has had the pleasure of giving satisfaction to his employers; and as he is determined to confine himself principally to those branches, until the affairs of the Copartnery be finally adjusted, his friends and the public may depend upon the utmost attention to their orders.

N. B. A quantity of the very best LONDON FIRST FLOWER in sacks, on consignment, to be sold upon reasonable terms; and for sale, [illegible] of SECONDS and THIRDS.——A genteel Furnished Lodging to LET, during the bathing season.

EXCISE OFFICE, EDINBURGH, June 18. 1787.

WHEREAS, by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, (27. Geo. III. c. 13.) certain Excise or Inland duties were imposed on COCOA NUTS and COFFEE imported;—And Whereas, by another act of the same Session, (cap. 31.) the several Powers, Rules, Regulations, &c. provided by an act passed in the 10th year of his late Majesty King George I. and also of all other acts relative to the duties of Excise on Coffee and Cocoa Nuts, are revived and re-enacted, for raising, levying, and collecting the duties on Coffee and Cocoa Nuts respectively, imposed by the said first-mentioned act of the last Session of Parliament—The COMMISSIONERS of EXCISE do therefore give public notice to all persons concerned, that the several Offices of Excise throughout Scotland will be open every day, Sundays and Holidays excepted, for receiving the Entries of Warehouses, Rooms, Shops, &c. and of Stock of Coffee and Cocoa Nuts, directed to be made by the said act.

By Order of the Board,
JOHN THOMSON, ADAM PEARSON, } Secretaries.

Notice to Creditors.

ALL persons having claims on the deceased Mrs GORDON of TECHMURIE, formerly Mrs Fletcher of Salton, are desired immediately to transmit exact states thereof to Francis Brodie, at Mr Walker's writer to the signet.

NOTICE

To the Personal Creditors of JOHN ROBERTSON, late of Straloch.

A Proposal being made by Mrs Robertson, Straloch, to sell the Annuity of 300 Merks, payable to her after her husband's death, in which she is infeft in the lands of Straloch; a General Meeting of the personal creditors is therefore to be held in the house of James Fleming vintner in Kirkmichael, on Friday the 6th day of July next, to consider of said proposal; and, as it is of importance to the personal creditors to treat with the Annuitant on reasonable terms, it is hoped they, or persons authorised to act for them, will attend.

TO be SOLD by public roup, on Saturday the 30th instant, at twelve o'clock noon, at the counting-house of John Scougal, Leith,

The Brig DISPATCH,

About one hundred and twenty tons burthen, presently lying in the harbour of Leith.

Not to be repeated.

TO be SOLD by voluntary public roup, upon Friday the 29th day of June current, at twelve o'clock mid-day, within the house of Mr Bamborough, vintner in Limekills,

THE GOOD SLOOP

The Nancy and Barbara

OF LIMEKILLS,

With her Float-boat, Furniture, and Appareling, ready for sea, as she presently lies at the harbour of Bruce-haven, lately commanded by the deceased John Mackie, and duly registrate as a British built vessel.

The Nancy and Barbara is a stout vessel, built at Inverkeithing, within these five years, carries above 60 tons, is an excellent sailer, and well found, with a new main-sail yet unbent, besides an entire suit.

At same time, it is entreated, that any Merchant or Company, who may have claims of bottomry upon said sloop, will transmit the same to Robert Irland, merchant in Dunfermline, between and the day of sale.

Dunfermline, June 15. 1787.

To the LADIES.

THE OSTRICH FEATHER MANUFACTORY is removed from Mr Gray's, St Andrew's Street, next door to the Assembly Room, George's Street, New Town, where Ladies and others may be supplied on reasonable terms.

A Stout Lad Wanted. Inquire as above.

PRINT SHOP,

South-east corner, Parliament Close, Edinburgh.

THOMAS BROWN humbly thanks his friends and the public for past favours, and informs them, he has just received from London, a large assortment of every article appertaining to the polite Art of Drawing; in particular,

COLOUR BOXES at REEVES,

of all dimensions, and elegantly fitted up with drawing materials, which he now sells at a reduced price. All kinds of Maps and Prints, fine and common; Stationary Articles of every sort; and the LADIES are respectfully informed, he has just got to hand a fresh assortment of Bristol Pillaree and Gauze Papers. Engraving speedily executed.

T. B. is now engraving some fine sets of Flowers, which will be ready in the course of a month.

Prints lent out for drawing from by the quarter only.

Mr PROUDFOOT's FAMILY.

June 14. 1787.

THE SON of the Rev. Mr JOHN PROUDFOOT, late Minister of the Associate Congregation in Leith, a young boy, having on Friday last gone off to see the 12th regiment reviewed on Bruntsfield Links, and his parents hearing thereof, Mr Proudfoot, anxious to preserve him from danger, went up to find him, and unfortunately broke his leg, which was obliged to be cut off, and he died in the Infirmary on Monday last. Mr Proudfoot had for several years struggled with difficulties to support his family, and he has left a distressed Widow and Five Infant Children entirely destitute.

A subscription being opened to afford the Widow and Children some temporary relief, Sir William Forbes, Sir James Hunter Blair, and Company, bankers in Edinburgh, the Rev. Mr Adam Gibb, Mr James Torry, merchant there, Mr Christopher Moubray, cashier to the Edinburgh Friendly Insurance-office, and Bailie Millar, Canongate; Bailie Robertson, Mr Thomas Scott minister, Messrs Jamieson and Paton soap-boilers, Leith; Dr Johnston, North Leith; Mr Nimian Paton, South Queensferry; Messrs Scott Monteiths and David Dale bankers, Glasgow; Mr William Patison merchant, Paisley; and Mr Alexander Porteous merchant in Perth,—will receive the smallest donation, and will take care to see the same faithfully applied.

To be LET and entered to immediately,

THAT commodious Brewery and Malting,

at the north back of the Canongate, lately possessed by James Martin, with a complete set of Brewing Utensils.—If more agreeable, the tenant may have the Utensils at a valuation.

If the Brewery, with the Utensils, be not let in fourteen days, the Utensils, consisting of a large copper, only six months old, mash tun, barrels, &c. will be disposed of by public roup.

For particulars apply to John Peat, writer in Edinburgh.

Farms in Midlothian to Let.

To be LET on LEASE for a term of years,

THE Lands of ORMISTON, near Mid-Calder, formerly let in two farms, at present let in one farm, containing one hundred and thirteen Scots acres, all arable land, and inclosed into parks.—Any person inclining to offer, may either do it for the upper farm above the Kirk-road, or for the under farm below the Kirk-road, or for both; to enter to the same at Martinmas first. There is laid down about fifty acres this year with rye-grass and clover, beside some old grass and fallow.

Such as incline to make offers will give them in to the proprietor at Edinburgh, or to William Young writer, Lawnmarket, Edinburgh, betwixt and the 1st of September.——Offers made, and not accepted, shall lie dormant.

N. B. The mansion-house, garden, offices, and pigeon-house, with three inclosures and planting, consisting of betwixt sixteen and twenty acres, formerly set with the house, will now be set separately, or along with the farms.

Sale of Lands in Roxburgh-shire,

BY ADJOURNMENT.

To be SOLD jointly, or in lots, by public roup, within Johnston's Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, on Monday the 6th day of August 1787, [illegible] the hours of five and six afternoon,

THE Lands and Estate of CHESTERS, lying in the parishes of Ancrum, Jedburgh, and Bedrule, and shire of Roxburgh, measuring about eleven hundred English acres, and rented at 365 l. 16 s. Sterling.

These lands hold of the Crown, and stand rated in the cess-books of the county at 965 l. Scots.—They are situated upon the banks of the Tivlot, about half way betwixt Kelso and Hawick, and are capable of great improvement, being mostly arable, and in their natural state. The whole are under short leases, expiring at Whitsunday 1791, at which time a considerable advance of rent may be expected, as the greatest part of the estate was let at a very unfavourable period, and much under the former rent.

If the lands are not sold jointly, they will be exposed in the following lots, viz.

LOT I. Consisting of the Lands of TRONYHILL, rented at	L. 117	0 0
LOT II. Of the Lands of ORANGEBANKS, rented at	50	16 0
LOT III. Of the Lands of CHESTERS CRAIG, and MILL and MILL-LANDS of LANGTOWN, rented at	198	0 0
	L. 365	16 0

William Turnbull, tenant in Craig, near Chesters, will show the grounds; and for further particulars, apply to the proprietor at Jedburgh, or to William Balderston, writer to the signet, who has powers to sell by private bargain.

On Wednesday the 11th day of July next, betweeen the hours of five and six afternoon, will be exposed to public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh,

THE Lands of DUNLOSKINEMORE, and SEVERAL TENEMENTS in and about the village of Duncon, lying within the parish of Duncon, lordship of Cowall, and sheriffdom of Argyle.—As also, the Lands of TORROBOLS, in the island of Ilia, and shire of Argyle, advantageously situated on the sound of Ilia, chiefly on limestone and marl; and as they are contiguous to Mr Campbell of Shawfield's mines, there is reason to suppose, that the veins run into them.

The articles of roup, rentals of the lands, and inventories of the progress of writs, may be seen in the hands of Alexander Duncan, writer to the signet; or William M'Ewen, writer in Edinburgh; to either of whom intending purchasers may apply.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE, *June 19.*

Cherson, May 28.

THE Empreſs arrived here with her ſuite on Wedneſday laſt, the 23d inſtant. The Emperor had reached this place ſo long ago as the 15th inſtant, but finding that the Empreſs was not expected to arrive for ſome days, his Imperial Majeſty ſet out to meet her; of which the Empreſs having a few hours previous notice, her Imperial Majeſty went on ſhore to receive the Emperor, and their firſt interview took place a little above Ekaterinoſlaw, where the Empreſs's whole ſuite diſembarked, and proceeded hither by land.

And this morning their Imperial Majeſties ſet out for the Crimea.

LLOYD's LIST.——*June 19.*

THE Windham, Green, from Oporto, on the 7th inſt. lat. 41. 3. N. and long. 11. 19. W. ſpoke the Brothers, of Pool, Captain Williams, from Newfoundland, bound for Oporto.

Captain Raſſles, of the Weſt Indian, ſays, a large ſhip of three decks, head and galleries, and no round-houſe, with yellow ſides, was on ſhore on the ſouth part of Atklin's Key, in the Windward Paſſage; the people had pitched a tent on the ſhore upon the South Keys, a ſchooner was lying near her, and a ſloop went to them as we paſſed; the weather being fine, part o. the cargo may be ſaved, but he did not think the ſhip would get off; the people had hoiſted an Engliſh enſign at the tent.

The Atlas, Cooper, from London to Bengal, was ſpoke with the 8th of April, lat. 24. 12. long. 27. all well.

The Ducheſs of Argyle, Miller, from Jamaica to Philadelphia, was run on ſhore in Cumberland Iſland by the crew, [illegible] ſaved.

FROM THE LONDON PAPERS, *June 20.*

Conſtantinople, April 30. After ſeveral extraordinary councils held upon the ſtate of affairs, the Porte has declared, that to prove her ſincere deſire of preſerving peace with the empreſs of Ruſſia, ſhe was diſpoſed to ſubmit the points in diſpute to two powers, unanimouſly elected among the ſovereigns of Europe. The Ruſſian miniſter anſwered to this, that his ſovereign, convinced of the juſtice of her claims, could not ſubmit them to arbitration. The Janiſſaries threaten to depoſe the Grand Signior, if the Porte ſubſcribes to the demands of the court of Peterſburgh. The Divan endeavours to appeaſe the people by promiſes to declare war, or obtain an honourable peace. This conduct of the Porte demonſtrates clearly that, after the anſwers given to the demands of the Empreſs, the whole affair, as has already frequently happened, will paſs over in ſilence.

Turkey, May 13. A corps of four thouſand Ottoman troops is arrived in the neighbourhood of Iſmael, and another of the ſame force at the mouth of the Danube. Theſe troops are deſtined for the defence of Beſſarabia, in caſe of an unexpected attack.

Berlin, May 20. We learn that, in the arſenal of Vienna there are four thouſand air muſkets, which diſcharge ten times ſucceſſively, after being charged only once. The invention is due to a native of Tyrol.

Florence, May 15. M. Francois Giacchi de Volterre lately diſcovered among the ruins of Luni an Etruſcan urn, in which was a metal caſque, three copper arrows, and one of iron, with a ſhort [illegible] and ſeveral inferior ones, a Veiled veſtal in terra cota, together with ſome other antiquities; ſome medals of bronze, and three of ſilver, one of which is of Manilia Scantilla, one of Ælius Pertinax, and the other of Cornelia Supera.

Hague, June 12. The States of Holland and Weſt Friſeland ſat the day before yeſterday until half an hour paſt ſix o'clock in the evening. Moſt of the reſolutions taken in that ſitting were paſſed under the ſeal of ſecrecy. We know only that the propoſition of the city of Amſterdam paſſed in the majority; and that in conſequence, a commiſſion of their Noble and Great Mightineſſes was appointed to direct, on their part, the operations required for the defence of the liberty and ſecurity of the province. The five members who are to compoſe it, jointly with the two Commiſſaries of the Deputy Council, are Meſſ. Camerling, Blok, De Witt, Toulon, and Van Forceſt, Counſellors of the cities of Harlem, Leyden, Amſterdam, Goude, and Alkmaer. The appointing of this commiſſion ſufficient[illegible], unhappily, conciliatory meaſures are little to be depended on. At the ſame inſtant of time that the Commiſſioners of their Noble and Great Mightineſſes had carried to the Aſſembly an opinion favourable to the overtures of the negociation made by the Council of State, the States General, againſt the voice of the Provinces of Holland, Overyſſel, and Groninguen, paſſed a reſolution to adopt the violent and unconſtitutional propoſition made in the name of Zealand, for ordering the troops that are paid by Holland, and are on their own territory, to quit it, and thus diſobey formally their Sovereign in his own province. Conformably to the ſpirit of that reſolution, the Enſign Balneavis, of the regiment of Stuart, whom their Noble and Great Mightineſſes had diſmiſſed for cauſe of diſobedience, having diſguiſed himſelf at Oudewater, debauched a part of the third battalion of the refractory Walloon regiment; and having put under arreſt Colonel Van Citters, whom they ſurpriſed in his bed, went with his band of mutineers into the territory of Gueldres. The States of Holland have offered a reward of 2000 ducats to whoſoever ſhall deliver that Scotch traitor into the hands of the Provincial Court of Juſtice.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, June 12.

"It is not only in the province of Holland that the manifeſto of the Prince has produced the worſt effect; it has been viewed in a worſe light, if poſſible, in thoſe of Groninguen and Overyſſel. At Zwoll, eſpecially, the Burghers took the alarm at the reading of that piece, and immediately drew up an addreſs to the States, in which they demand that a particular alliance be made immediately with the provinces of Groninguen and Holland, for mutual defence; and that a proper plan be reſolved on without delay, to counteract the deſpotic views announced by the ſaid manifeſto.

"The province of Holland is finally on the eve of ſeparating from the others, and namely from Gueldres and Amersfort; but before it comes to that extremity, a way has been taken that will reeſtabliſh things in a legal manner, and will bring back the States General to the patriotic ſide. It was decided to decline formally the legality of the Aſſembly of Amersfort, and to convoke new States at Utrecht. The ſaid convocation took place on Monday, and we wait with impatience the news of what has paſſed there.

"The Nimeguen party make uſe of all the pitiful means they can think of: They have taken into pay a parcel of miſcreants, who have engaged, for the ſum of 10,000 florins, to carry off the Rhyngrave of Salm, and bring him to Amersfort. Theſe wretches have been taken at Utrecht, and are actually in goal.

"The Prince of Orange, on the invitation of a ſmall majority of the Aſſembly of Amersfort, repaired to that city with a view to direct the military operations againſt the province; but it is apparent that theſe ſcandalous ſcenes are drawing to an end; and that the Stadtholder will ſoon have no other reſource but to diſcard the people who have made him take ſo many falſe ſteps.

"It has been juridically diſcovered at Amſterdam, that an armourer of Liege has furniſhed 600 muſkets for the inhabitants of Cattembourg, and that he received his payment for them from perſons belonging to the Stadtholder's Court.

"This day the States of Holland aſſemble; it is preſumed they will take the moſt vigorous reſolutions, to cruſh finally the violent meaſures of the three anti-patriotic provinces, who have carried their animoſity ſo far as to ſuſpend, of their own authority, General Ryſſel, who commands the line of Holland."

Extract of a letter from Amſterdam, June 11.

"Laſt Saturday, five of the rioters were whipped on the ſcaffold; one of them was afterwards placed under the gallows with a halter about his neck, and branded with a hot iron: four others, with the above mentioned, were confined in the houſe of correction. There are ſtill a great number of priſoners to be tried.

"A detachment of 300 armed Burghers, divided into five companies, with all their officers, commanded by Captain Wilde, in quality of Lieutenant Colonel, ſet out from hence for Muyden, a ſmall town three miles from Amſterdam, and very important on account of the ſluices, by means of which our city might be laid under water. There alſo went from Harlem, a detachment of 150 Burghers, for Nieuverſluys, five leagues from Harlem, in order to keep garriſon there, for the ſame reaſon as at Muyden. Theſe two places are on the line of Holland; but the diſobedience of ſome regiments, and the evil intention of ſome others, have neceſſitated theſe precautions."

Extract of a letter from the Hague, June 10.

Reſolution of their High Mightineſſes the Lords States General of the United Provinces,

June 8, 1787.

"That all the officers and ſoldiers that ſhall have obſerved the orders and the oath taken to their High Mightineſſes, and ſhall conform thereto in future, may depend on the protection of their High Mightineſſes, and on the continuation of the payment of their wages and hire when due on the days fixed, for the account of the Generality; and that a loan of 20,000 florins ſhall be negociated provisionally for the account of the Province of Gueldres, Utrecht, and Friſeland, under the guarantee of their High Mightineſſes, without any charge for the Province of Zealand.

"Concluded and reſolved by Gueldres, Zealand, Utrecht and Friſeland.

"Their Noble Mightineſſes the Lords States of Gueldees and Utrecht, have reſolved to grant to the troops actually in their Provinces, an augmentation of twelve pence a week in their pay, to commence from the 4th of this month of June."

The following is a liſt of the houſes that were plundered at Amſterdam the 29th and 30th of May laſt: The old Burgomaſter Rendorp's, upon the Cingel, oppoſite to the Swan brewery.—The Governing Burgomaſter Beels, upon the Keizersgragt. Arends, a bookſeller on the Cingel.—Areuſe, a laceman, in Halvemaanſkeg, near the Amſtel church.—Viſbeck, a public houſe, at the corner of the Haarlemmerdyk.—Tenkate, a public houſe, in Oudebrugſteeg.—The widow C. Ploeg, a linen-ſhop next door.—A cheeſemonger's ſhop oppoſite.—A ſilverſmith's, the corner of the Nieuwendyk, in the Nieuſtraat.—Another ſilverſmith's in the ſame ſtreet.—Cyffers, a tavern, in Rooze-Straat.—Swaart a corn-chandler, on the Heylige Weg.—Piephof, a paſtrycook, in the ſame place.—A. Wynams, leather-ſeller, near the Lombartsbrug.—Trop, bookſeller, on the Zee-dyke.—Harms Braſz, tea-dealer, on the Bromſloot.—Van Harpen, broker, in the Koning Straat.—John Eydam, on the Roozegragt.—Scrooder, a baker, at Kattenburg.—John Engelſman, in Great Katenſburg-Straat, belonging to the Admiralty yacht.—William Rodermond, coffee-dealer, in Dwar-Straat.—A hoſier's ſhop in Katenſburg-Straat.—The Orange pot-houſe near the ſame place.—Eyſerman, a public houſe in Wittenburg-Straat.—Pothars, ditto.—Hendrik de Waal, on the Kattenburg.—Claas Booy, maſtmaker, on the Kaydyke.—Coertſe, bookſeller, in the Barne-ſteeg.—Jacob Girardyn, ſilverſmith in the Hoog-Straat.—Barend Johnker, tallowchandler, in the Dirk van Haſſelſteeg.—The ſix following are patriots houſes. Vos, a painter at Kattenburg.—Kickkules, a watchmaker at ditto.—Martinus Stoffens, an apothecary at ditto.—Hoenebeck and Van Schnurman, in Wittenburg-Straat—and a ſtocking ſhop in the ſame.

LONDON,——*June 20.*

This day the King came from Windſor to St James's to the levee. A Council met this day at St James's, after the breaking up of the levee.

The Princeſs Royal, Princeſs Auguſta, and Princeſs Mary, are all ill of the meaſles, at Windſor, which will occaſion the Royal Family to remain there till the diſorder takes a turn.

A ſtrict regimen has been preſcribed to his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, which he very rigidly adheres to. He lives principally upon milk and vegetables.

Yeſterday a Court of Aldermen was held at Guildhall, at which were preſent Mr Alderman Croſby, who preſided as Locum Tenens to the Rt. Hon. the Lord Mayor, who was ſo much indiſpoſed as to be incapable of holding the Court, and thirteen Aldermen.

The Court took into conſideration the letter from Lord Sydney, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, to the Lord Mayor, relating to the proclamation lately made for the laws againſt breaking the Sabbath to be put into execution againſt all perſons guilty of ſwearing, drunkenneſs, or otherwiſe profaning the Lord's Day; and, after being read, came to ſeveral reſolutions thereon, viz. That the ſaid proclamation be printed, and put up in the moſt public places of this city by the Marſhalmen; that the Court will do every thing in their power to put the laws in force againſt all perſons guilty of the above crimes on the Lord's Day; and that a Committee of the whole Court be appointed to take into conſideration what can be done further for protecting the lives and properties of his Majeſty's ſubjects.

The Cabinet Miniſters now in town are Mr Pitt, the Duke of Richmond, Marquis of Stafford, Lord Chancellor, Lord Sydney, and the Marquis of Carmarthen. It is thought Mr Pitt will put off his intended tour to Scotland with Mr Dundas, and ſummer it between Wimbleton and Hayes.

Friday two meſſengers arrived, one with diſpatches from Flanders, and the other from Sir James Harris, the Britiſh Ambaſſador at the Hague. The ſeveral letters directed to the Royal Family were ſent off to Windſor to the King.

It is ſaid that the Right Hon. William Eden is finally appointed Ambaſſador to the Court of Spain. He is expected in London in about eight or ten days, where he will reſide for a ſhort time, and then proceed on his embaſſy. It is reported that he is to receive ſome diſtinguiſhed mark of his Sovereign's favour for the very great ſervice he has done for this country—particularly in the commercial line.

The Duke of Richmond is ſaid to be confined by a ſevere indiſpoſition at his houſe in Privy Gardens. On the recovery of his Grace, he ſets out on his coaſting ſurvey. The middle of July is the time he is expected at Hull, and about a fortnight after, at Inveray.

The tour of Mr Pitt to Scotland, is entirely the tour of a private gentleman—more in the way of amuſement than of uſe,

Mr Pitt, in his way, will take Alnwick, Caſtle Howard, and other principal places; but he will not make any ſtay, except with Mr Wilberforce.

This day, we underſtand, the Right Hon. Mr Dundas ſets out on his pleaſurable jaunt for Scotland, to inſpect the various alterations and improvements which are going on at his ſeat there.

Of unlooked-for reconciliations, is that of the Ducheſs of Kingſton with Mr Meadows, her quondam opponent. He is now with her, all in all—is going with her into Ruſſia, where ſhe has bought a large eſtate; and which eſtate, in all form, and no doubt for *value* received, ſhe has ſettled on Mr Meadows.

The Queen of France, it is ſaid, has deſired to witneſs a ſpecimen of Engliſh dramatic powers—and that Mrs Siddons and Mr Kemble, with ſome other ſelect performers, are engaged to play a few nights in Paris during the ſummer.——N. B. Lord George Gordon is *not* to be of the party!

From a gentleman who attended the muſical performances in Weſtminſter Abbey, we have been favoured with the following account of the number of perſons who attended the rehearſals and different performances:

Firſt rehearſal,	1706	Total, 5176, at half a guinea each.
Second ditto,	1350	
Third ditto,	2120	
Firſt performance,	2387	Total, 10,141, at one guinea each.
Second ditto,	2500	
Third ditto,	2720	
Fouth ditto,	2534	

Which makes the whole of the receipts amount to 13,365 l. 9 s.

The performances are to be continued three years longer, at his Majeſty's requeſt.

The reign of the Tartan is now over. The few that now ſport the plaid *ceſtus*, do it by way of diſtinction, and the Scotch motto is not inapplicable, *Noli me tangere.*

Lucas, the officer, one of the conſpirators with Mr Bowes, ſurrendered yeſterday to the Court of King's Bench. He was immediately ordered into the cuſtody of the Marſhal, and will be brought up with the other priſoners to receive judgment on Saturday.

Lord George Gordon did not ſurrender himſelf, as was expected yeſterday, to the Court of King's Bench.

What has become of Lord George Gordon?—Has any body ſeen him, or heard of him?—Is he in the *Highlands*, the *Lowlands*, or the *Netherlands*?—Has he appeared in the *conventicles*, the *high churches* or the *low churches*?—Has he been ſeen in the *new light* or the *old light*!—Have the army *of martyrs* taken him under their protection?—Is he ſolaced by the *ſongs of the choir of virgins*?—Is he among the *Patriarchs*, the *Prophets*, the *Saints*?—Protect him, ye *roundheads*, for the *cavaliers* are after him.

A variety of opinions have prevailed reſpecting the retreat of Lord George Gordon—the fact however is, and we have it on the authority of a gentleman who ſaw him on the road, that his Lordſhip has left this country for *Switzerland*, by way of Holland.

It is certain, ſays a morning paper, that Lord George Gordon has taken his departure for the ſummer, and is gone to Switzerland, where his brother, the Duke of Gordon, is now perſonally engaged in ſettling his eldeſt ſon, the Marquis of Huntley.—By this trip the noble Lord will eſcape the miſery of confinement for the four months of the ſummer receſs, and will return in time to receive judgment in the November Term.

It is a matter of very little conſequence, ſays a correſpondent, whether the *inflammable* hero of 1780 be gone to Holland, or to Scotland, or to America; wherever he goes, this country has a happy riddance.

A correſpondent obſerves, as a mark of the declenſion of the age, that the *hearty buſs* is ſeldom now permitted. Ladies muſt be ſaluted with circumſpection and reverence. If a country ſquire takes one of the hearty kiſſes of thirty years ago, he is in danger of carrying away half a complection. This is a very awkward kind of *polygraphic art*. We preſer Booth's, in which the colours are more like to ſtand.

The Mercury tranſport, from Gibraltar, is arrived at Portſmouth with General Elliot on board.

Yeſterday afternoon, a full board of Admiralty was held, when four more frigates were put into commiſſion, and orders ſent down to Portſmouth for them to be got ready immediately.

Stocks fell on Monday one per cent. The great fall of the funds muſt be very alarming to perſons of property at a diſtance from the metropolis; but their fears will ſubſide on being acquainted that the moſt barefaced and diſgraceful ſchemes have been practiſed to accompliſh their fall. Large poſting bills were ſtuck up in different parts of the town, "for ſeamen to man the Bedford and Magnificent men of war," and adding, "that the Bull in Wapping was opened as a houſe of rendezvous." Some of the Alley gentry, doubting the truth of thoſe large bills, deputed two or three of their body to go to the Bull in Wapping. The deputies brought for anſwer, that the *Bull* was not the houſe of rendezvous, but the *Bear* was. The fluctuations occaſioned by theſe fabricated reports may, for a time, keep up the ſpirits of the adventurers, but will eventually cauſe many lame ducks to waddle out of the Alley.

It is the general opinion, that a ſhew of determination on our part will prevent the neceſſity of acting hoſtilely in the caſe of the Stadtholder. The patriotic party, that is, the French party in the republic, has not ſtrength to maintain a conflict with Britain; and the beſt informed men ſay, that, at leaſt for the preſent, the diſpute will be amicably terminated, and the Stadtholder be reinſtated.

The Hopes, we hear, are among the families of fortune who have left Holland with a view to ſettle in England. Several perſons of opulence from the ſame country are now in Ireland, where they meant to fix their future abode. Others have emigrated to Germany and to the Auſtrian Low Countries.

The immenſely rich Bank of Amſterdam differs from every national Bank in paying no intereſt; and what may ſeem a paradox, the money in it is worth ſomewhat more than current caſh is in common payments. The caſh, bullion, and pawned jewels in this bank, have been eſtimated by ſome at 36, by others only at 30 millions ſterling—a greater treaſure than is perhaps collected together in any part of the known world. It is kept in vaults under the Stadthouſe.

Advices from Prague ſay, that a moſt violent ſhock of an earthquake had been lately felt in that city, which had done conſiderable damage.

Advices from Paris ſay, that an edict has been juſt publiſhed there for the ſale of all the crown lands, moſt part of the produce to be applied to the reduction of the revenue debt.

This morning, arrived a mail from Liſbon, brought to Falmouth by the Hampden packet, in 13 days.

Advices from Liſbon, brought over by the Hampden Packet, Captain Braithwaite, contain an account of two Daniſh Eaſt Indiamen having put in there from St Helena, both diſmaſted, and that a large Algerine xebec paſſed by that place the 4th inſtant, with an American bark, deeply laden, which, it is imagined, they had taken a few days before.

A correſpondent at Paris informs us, that the health of the Monarch had for ſome days given ſerious alarms to his phyſicians. Want of appetite and indigeſtion were the ſymptoms, which ſeem to have ariſen from a plethoric habit, and which the phyſicians had taken meaſures to reduce.

According to the moſt authentic accounts, the French had in the Eaſt-Indies at Chriſtmas laſt, the following ſhips of war, viz.—At Pondicherry, l'Inconſtant of 40 guns, and La Subtile of 28 guns; at the Mauritius, l'Heros of 74 guns, left there to repair when Monſ. Suffrein's ſquadron returned to Europe on the concluſion of the war; and Le Hanau of 64 guns, which was ſent out laſt year armed en flute. The ſhips that have ſailed ſince, and ſuppoſed to be for the Eaſt Indies, are, Le Seduiſſant of 74 guns, but having only her upper guns in; La Runommee of 40 guns; and La Fuce ſloop of 16 guns. The French and Britiſh ſquadrons in the Indies, may therefore be eſtimated as under:

French.				English.
Two	of	74		Two ſloops of 16 guns.
One	of	64		
Two	of	40		
One	of	28		
One	of	16		

The farmers complain loudly for want of rain, and indeed the preſent indifferent appearance of crops, particularly ſoft corn, ſeems to indicate but a ſlender harveſt through the eaſtern counties:—they have not known what a ground rain has been for more than nine months paſt.

Till within the laſt three days, the moſt ſevere froſts were experienced at night, which have cut off all the tender vegetables;—for ſeveral ſucceſſive mornings there was ice diſcoverable on ponds as thick as a crown piece.

Proſecutions, we are informed, have been commenced by the Attorney General againſt the publiſher of ſome late prints, in which the perſonages of the R——l Family are very improperly caricatured.—Whilſt we reprobate, in the ſtrongeſt manner, the indecency of this practice, we cannot but view with regret the manner in which theſe proſecutions are now carried on. The fact of the publica[illegible]

with the truth of the averments, that the persons described are those alluded to, are all that the Jury have to determine; whilst the intention of the publishers, with the *quantum* of guilt, are circumstances entirely subtracted from their consideration.

AUTHENTIC PAPERS relative to the late Negociation at the Hague, entrusted to the Count De Goertz, Minister of State to the King of Prussia, and M. De Rayneval, Counsellor of State to the French King.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

TRANSLATED FROM THE FRENCH.

(Concluded from our last.)

No. II. consists of a letter from Count de Goertz to the Prince and Princess of Orange, in which he only recites the letter he had received from Monsieur de Rayneval, and which letter was inserted in our last.

No. III. consists of a letter from M. de Rayneval to Count de Goertz, in answer to a letter which de Goertz had sent him, concerning the laying of Rayneval's first letter before the Prince and Princess of Orange.

No. IV.

LETTER *from her Royal Highness the Princess of* ORANGE *to the Comte de* GOERTZ, *dated December* 13 1786

M. Le Comte,

The principal points which fix the attention of M. de Rayneval, seem reducible to the following: — 1st, The suspension of the Prince, as Captain General of the province of Holland: 2d, The alteration of the constitution in the Provinces, where there are regulations. 3d, The restrictions to be imposed on the duties of Captain General of the Province of Holland, after proper means had been found to revoke the act of suspension. I shall briefly run over the three articles.

I must observe, that the first is of so delicate a nature, and the honour of the Prince is so evidently involved in it, that it is impossible to admit the least modification on that head, nor to form any engagement whatever which would countenance a tacit acknowledgment of the injuries attributed to the Prince, and of which he is not culpable.

M. de Rayneval, in acknowledging him to be innocent, ought certainly not to advise him to avow himself to be culpable. He ought then to judge that he has drawn upon himself effectually the suspension, or (to speak properly) pains have been taken to persuade him to it. On the contrary supposition, I cannot imagine that M. de Rayneval would admit that a Sovereign, who had been in an error, could not retract precipitate resolutions, taken upon false grounds, and put a conclusion to the mischievous consequences which attend them. That is maintaining, in other terms, that a Sovereign cannot do justice; and since justice is due to the lowest of its subjects, can it refuse to one, who, by his birth, and the unanimous resolutions of those who compose that sovereign power, is a member of it, and who is invested with the most eminent dignities of the State? Shall he be the only person excepted in that general rule? Or must we conclude, that the subject of a free state cannot obtain justice, which is seldom sued for in vain in a monarchy? This would be to degrade the specious name of liberty, which at this moment warms the minds of men. And certainly it is not from M. de Rayneval that I should look for such a doctrine. Supposing that he was convinced of the injustice of the Prince, I will venture to observe, that there would be but little proportion between the nature of the accusation, and the mode which he suggests for obtaining pardon.

But, M. Le Comte, it is not pardon we ask; we call upon the justice of the Sovereign; and without wishing for the present to discuss our just rights, and decide upon the principle of the question, (which is more the cause of the States of Gueldres than our's) I will make but one reflection; it cuts short, in my opinion, all that can be alledged in favour of the arbitrary act of the States of Holland, by which the Captain General is suspended from their province.

The Prince, not having acted but in the capacity of Captain General of the Province of Gueldres, and by orders of that Province, whatever his conduct may have been on that head, he is responsible for it to the States of Gueldres only. This is a truth which cannot be contested by any person who has any knowledge of the first ideas of the constitution of the Republic of the United Provinces. And I do not think that M. de Rayneval doubts it.

After what I have said about our firm resolution of admitting no modification in revoking the suspension of the Captain General, which we consider, along with the command of the garrison of the Hague, as the preliminary articles from which we cannot depart; you perceive, M. Le Comte, that every step of the Prince, tending to the restoration of tranquillity in the Provinces of Gueldres, Utrecht, and Overyssel, on the present footing, cannot be taken into consideration at present, otherwise the Prince would be strangely forgetful of his duties, if ever he was capable of entering into engagements, the objects of which were the internal regulations of one of these Provinces, without the consent of the States of that Province.

Nevertheless, it would be doing the Prince a great injustice to conclude from hence, that by his declining such propositions, he was averse to listen to constitutional arrangements, proper for appeasing the troubles.

The most formal declarations of his constant desires to concur with the States of all the Provinces in whatever could contribute to restore internal peace, and cement and maintain the independence of the Republic, prove the contrary sufficiently. And no person can with justice dispute the sincerity of those declarations, if he reflects upon the anxiety which the Prince manifested, and which he always preserved, for renewing the conferences that were begun at Utrecht, and which have not been interrupted by any fault of his.

On the third article I shall remark, if it be true that a Sovereign is master in the choice, whether he will rescind a solemn resolution, (subject to his own pleasure;) it is equally incontestible, that a just Sovereign will not do it in cases of importance, but through a conviction that it is necessary and useful for his country; and he will never deprive any person of rights and privileges which have been at all times attached to his station, unless he renders himself unworthy of them, and that the good of the State requires it. The Prince cannot admit the first supposition, his conscience not reproaching him in that respect. He expects justice at the hands of the Sovereign, and that by removing the suspension of the Captain Generalship of Holland, he may be restored to authority in the duties of his station. Until this is done, he cannot consent to examine if these duties, as they have been hitherto performed, are liable to doubts; or whether the welfare of the State may be interested in it.

Before I conclude, I cannot avoid removing an error into which M. de Rayneval seems to have been led. He lets it down, that the Prince cannot absolutely do, or command any thing to be done, but with the advice of the deputed counsellors. Apparently he is ignorant, that very far from being subject to them, (particularly relative to the command of the garrison of the Hague) it is expressly enjoined to them in their instructions, "not to do any thing, nor to enter into any resolution relative to military affairs, but in concert with, and by the advice of the Stadtholder, and Captain General of the Province."

I hope, Sir, I have satisfied your request, by the details I have entered into. We request you to testify our acknowledgment to M. de Rayneval, for what he thought proper to communicate to us with so much freedom, touching what was required of us. The good opinion which you have given us of him, and the meritorious reputation which he possesses, make us hope that he will do justice to the sentiments which are dictated by these reflections.

I am, &c.

No. V.

LETTER *from Mr* RAYNEVAL, *to the Count* DE GOERTZ.

The Baron de Thulemeyer forwarded to me yesterday the packet which you addressed to him for me. All the answer I am able to send you at present is, that I dispatch this day for Versailles a copy of the letters which you did me the honour of addressing to me; and that I shall also forward those to the different persons to whom they are addressed. If your letter, and particularly that which was annexed to it, requires a farther answer, I presume my Court will point it out to me.

I have the honour to be, &c.

No. VI.

Ultimatum of the STADTHOLDER, sent by Comte de GOERTZ to M. de RAYNEVAL.

Always animated with the most sincere desire of co-operating in whatever can contribute to the restoration of unanimity in the Republic, the Prince of Orange does not hesitate to explain his *ultimate* sentiments on the propositions made by M. de Rayneval.

M. de Rayneval requires a basis for entering upon the negociation, but that basis is already clearly laid down; it can be nothing else than the revocation of the suspension of the Captain General, including the command of the garrison of the Hague: without this preliminary point, it is impossible for any one to flatter himself that the other party would wish to come upon fair terms. The Prince reclaims it as an act of justice from the Sovereign, because he cannot see it in any other light, much less can he admit preliminary conditions, which would contain a tacit avowal, that he deserved to be suspended from the duties of Captain General. He cannot give any other interpretation to these expressions of M. de Rayneval, "The suspension has been drawn down by the events which took place in the province of Gueldres; it is therefore from these events that a remedy for the evil must be sought." By this the removal of the suspension in Holland must be a consequence of the steps which the Prince takes in Gueldres; and according to the express words of M. de Rayneval, that it would not be until after the Prince had satisfied all the demands relative to the provinces under the regulations. "That the province of Holland, on its side, could have no objection to remove its line of troops, and proceed to the revocation of the suspension, after which the duties annexed to the station of Captain General would be determined in a just and precise manner." And in the second letter, written by M. de Rayneval to the Count de Goertz, in which, after having demanded that the Prince should pledge his word, "That the regulations of the regency should be modified;" he adds, "In exchange for his sacred word, I will transmit to you an assurance equally sacred, that the persons with whom we shall deliberate, the Ambassador and myself, shall exert all their influence and credit, as well in the minds of the nation, as in the deliberations for the restoration of the Prince, after the basis is settled upon which I have had the honour of pointing out to you." The Prince cannot admit any of these conditions, the subjects of them being entirely foreign to the suspension, which has no relation but with the province of Holland; nevertheless, they will, to make a general affair of them. The Prince cannot acquiesce in them; and therefore it is useless to enter upon a discussion of them with M. de Rayneval, But it does not follow from thence, that the Prince refuses to enter upon an investigation *with those whom it concerns*, of what ought to be ameliorated in the Provinces; and that he would act in concert with the respective States upon these objects.

What has been done relative to the province of Utrecht, has been already mentioned: he earnestly wishes, that some means could be devised for renewing the conferences, and terminating the divisions to which that province is a victim. He has long since done of his accord, in favour of the fugitive inhabitants of Hattem and Elbourg, all that could be reasonably expected of him.

It was at his request that the States of Gueldres published an amnesty: But they did not think proper to make it as general as the Prince required it. Nor will he refuse to lend his attention to the States of Overyssel, if they wish for the arrangements which the welfare of their province requires. But, as it was already observed, it is only with the Regents of the Provinces, whom it concerns, that the Prince can enter into any explanations touching the internal affairs of their government: For the free exercise of his duties as Captain General of Holland, including the command of the garrison of the Hague, be restored to the Prince; the Prince will be ready to go there, and to concert with the principal Regents on what is requisite for the general and particular welfare of the Republic. He does not wish to injure any person, and only requires what is legally his due. Upon the points which concern the welfare of his country, by satisfying his honour, he can yield nothing.

PRICE OF STOCKS, JUNE 20.

Bank Stock, —	3 per cent. Indiz Ann. —
New 4 per cent. 1777, 92½ ⅛ ½.	India Bonds, —
	South Sea Stock, shut.
5 per cent. Ann. 1785, shut.	Old S. S. Ann. —
3 per cent. red. 73¼ ⅛ ¼.	New ditto, —
3 per cent. con. shut, 74 ⅛ ¾ for the opening.	3 per cent. 1751, shut.
	New Navy and Vict. Bills, —
3 per cent. 1726, —	Exch. Bills, —
Long Ann. 21 9-16ths ⅛ ¼.	Lottery Tickets, 15 l. 18 s.
30 Years Ann. 1778, 13 5-16ths ⅛ ¼.	Prizes, —
	Consols —
India Stock, shut.	

WIND AT DEAL, JUNE 19. S.

EDINBURGH.

Mrs Stuart of Allanbank was safely delivered of a daughter on Wednesday last, at Allanbank-house.

Miss Finlay of Drummore, died at Bristol, on Friday the 15th curt.

The Rev. Mr John Knox, minister at Slamanan, died at the manse of Slamanan, on the 12th ult.

On Thursday the 21st current, died at Dysart, in an advanced age, Mrs Elizabeth Anderson, relict of the deceased Mr Thomas Boston, late minister at Jedburgh.

Monday last died in the Gorbals of Glasgow, Duncan Graham, a native of Kilmartin, Argyleshire, in the 108th year of his age.—He retained his senses to the last.

The humane Mr Howard is mediating a voyage to the West Indies, in order to make the goals in that part of the world objects of legislative concern and attention. At present they are much more dreadful than the gallies in France.

Last Friday, the Deacon Convener of Kelso made a search through the butter market, and seized upwards of 30 lib. for being deficient in weight, which was given to the poor. And we are informed, that if they are found offending again, their butter will not only be seized, but they will also be severely fined, and their names made public.

Yesterday se'ennight, came on at Jedburgh, before the Sheriff of Roxburghshire, three several prosecutions at the instance of the Procurator Fiscal—One against Jean Rutherfurd, in Ancrum, for stealing blankets, and several articles of wearing apparel, from the houses of Mrs Hogg merchant, and John Wright shoemaker, Melrose; another against James Walker in Gattonside, for a cruel maltreatment of his creditor, in the course of executing a poinding of Walker's effects; the last against Peter Johnston, a strolling chimney sweeper, for stealing or resetting the sheets of yarn and other linen articles, stolen from the houses of David Ballantine and —— Black, in Hawick. All the culprits were convicted of the several crimes charged against them, and sentenced to imprisonment and hard labour in the Roxburghshire correction-house, lately erected at Jedburgh: Jean Rutherfurd for the space of three months, James Walker for the space of two months, and Peter Johnston for the space of three weeks. This, with the spare diet to which, by the regulations of the house, they will be rigidly confined, it is thought will prove a very severe punishment.

On Monday last Newcastle races began, when the noblemen and gentlemen's sweepstakes of 10 guineas each was run for, and won by

Lord A. Hamilton's bay colt,	1
Duke of Hamilton's colt,	2
Mr Algood's brown colt,	3
Mr Hudson's bay filly,	dist.
Mr Baker's bay colt did not start.	

Same day, a sweepstakes for colts and fillies, three years old, was won by

Mr Burdon's bay colt,	1
Mr Robertson's bay colt,	2

Mr Blacket's, Mr Penwick's, and Mr Baker's did not start.

Extract of a letter from Aberdeen, June 21,

"The inhabitants of this city were surprised last week to find that, notwithstanding all the laudable endeavours of the Magistrates to prevent the forestalling of provisions, there was scarcely an egg to be seen. The scarcity, however, was ascribed to various causes, without happening to fall on the right one; for, on Tuesday last, the Magistrates, upon a special information that almost the whole had been bought up by one dealer from London, in the houses of hablers or otherwise, in their way to market, caused search this gentleman's shoard, when, to the astonishment of the public, the quantity found and bought up in the course of last week alone, amounted, we are informed, to no less than *three thousand five hundred and sixty dozen*, or 42,720 eggs, the whole of which, with the proprietor, were immediately seized, and are now under trial. This at once accounts for the scarcity apparent last week, and shows the very dangerous length to which this pernicious traffic has been carried, and we hope will effectually rouse the inhabitants to second the spirited efforts of the magistrates, by giving information against every person they see using it."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, June 19.

"Mr Orde, immediately on his arrival on Sunday last, set off for his seat in the Phœnix Park, which at this season exhibits a most delightful appearance. In point of situation and prospect, it is justly preferable to the Lord Lieutenant's lodge.

"A letter from the Right Hon. Mr Orde, addressed to the Chief Magistrate was yesterday filed at the Royal Exchange, purporting, that his Majesty had been pleased to empower the Commissioners of the Revenue to reduce the duties on the wines of Portugal, pursuant to a late act of Parliament for that purpose.

"A Privy Council sat yesterday evening upon the subject of a combination which at present subsists between the journeymen hosiers of this metropolis. It seems that on an evening some time since, a number of them tumultuously assembled about the house of Mr Potter, of Upper Ormond quay, and after complaining that he had reduced their prices, were guilty of several acts of violence. They departed, however, but not without threats of farther mischief; and about two o'clock in the morning, about five or six days after, his house was wilfully set on fire, and combustibles were discovered to be placed near his shop door to accelerate the flames. The Privy Council came to a determination of offering a reward of one hundred pounds for each of the incendiaries and combinators, on being prosecuted to conviction."

Extract of a letter from Orkney, dated Kirsey, June 8.

"A ship arrived lately from the South, with meal and potatoes, of which this miserable country has too much need, as the season for sowing has been very backward; and had we not had an open winter in this and other parishes, the land could not have been sown, at least in a great part. The horses, cattle, &c. would have taken up great part of what should have sustained both man and beast, without, in my opinion, saving numbers of either.—Providence, however, thought better for us, and sent in a shoal of *fillocks*, or, as you call them, the *podley*, that saved many a bannock to poor creatures, that had very few. The season is yet very coarse, with wind and snow. On Monday night I heard there perished in a storm of hail, six horses, six or seven cattle, and about 100 sheep,—even in June!"

Extract of a letter from a merchant at Dunkirk, to his friend in Edinburgh, dated June 8.

"The French do not stand to the commercial treaty. I applied the other day at the Customhouse here to have a parcel of demitties entered at ten per cent. agreeable to the treaty, but was informed that I must pay so much a hundred weight, or enter at the valuation of 1000 livres what, in fact, only cost 500. This is equal to a prohibition, and will effectually prevent British goods from getting into the internal parts of France, which was the great object of the treaty. I must therefore decline sending you any orders at present. Unless very strong remonstrances are made by the British ministry to have this remedied, the treaty will be of the worst consequence to Great Britain, who will import the manufactures and commodities of France, without in return being able to export hers.—Where is the reciprocity in this?"

Extract of a letter from Bengal, to a gentleman in Edinburgh.

"Several of the country Princes have sent presents to Lord Cornwallis, which he has nobly refused, politely informing them, that he came to redress the grievances of the oppressed, and not to multiply them by extortion and rapine. This is a new sort of language in India. The British affairs in this quarter are in a very flourishing situation, and the impoverished provinces will soon be re-established in population and riches."

FOR THE CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

AN idea having gone abroad, that the six persons lately liberated from Edinburgh jail, and advertised in your paper of the 16th current, had been discharged while under confinement for crimes, on account of which they ought to have been brought to trial, it becomes proper that such an impression should be removed.

These persons had all of them been guilty of several crimes, and had been repeatedly punished, and banished the county by the Sheriff, and some of them by the Magistrates.

When last committed, it was for returning from banishment, and on suspicion of having been concerned in some shop-breakings, of which no sufficient proof has been discovered against them. since their confinement, nothing of that sort, it is believed, has happened. Though they have done things that might have been fatal to others more advanced, yet it was some time previous to their commitment, and when too young to be brought to trial for their lives; on which account they were only punished as before mentioned. And the offences and situation of none of them ever was under the consideration of the Council for the Crown.

The country in general, and this place in particular, must continue to suffer much inconvenience and distress, until a Bridewell, is erected.

Sheriff Clerk's Office, Edinburgh, ...

Thermometer and Barometer since our last:

			TEMP.	BAR.
Thursday, June 21.	8 o'clock,	P. M.	54	29.45
Friday, — 22.	8 ——	A. M.	54	29.45
	8 ——	P. M.	54	29.43
Saturday, — 23.	8 ——	A. M.	60	29.43

SOUND SHIPPING.

PASSED THE SOUND,

June 6. Friends, of and from Campbelton, Templeton, for St Petersburgh, in ballast.
Industry of Saltcoats, Duncan, from Dublin, for ditto.
Katharine, of and for Dundee, Shepherd, from Memel.
Victoria of Dysart, Rutherford, from ditto, for Newburgh, with logs.
Willy and Henry, of and for Berwick, Hall, from ditto, with staves.
7. Asia of Glasgow, Stewart, from Dantzic, for Stockholm.
Venus, of and from Leith, Gaving, for St Petersburgh.
William of Dundee, Cable, from Limekilns, for Riga.
Earl of Northesk, of and for Arbroath, Johnston, from Riga, flax.
Thomas, of and for Leith, Young, from Memel, timber.
8. Nelly, of and for Dundee, Thornton, from Riga, flax.
Lady Mary Ann of Montrose, Lyall, from ditto, for ditto, with ditto.
Unity, of and for Dundee, Boyack, from ditto, ditto.
Isabella and Nancy, of and for Wemyss, Salmond, from Memel, with timber.
Robert of Peterhead, Hutchinson, from Bunaw, for Hull, with ditto.
Riga Merchant, of and for Arbroath, Bowers, from Riga, with flax.
9. Venus, of and for Dysart, Normand, from Memel, logs.
Jean, of and for Limekilns, Wilson, from ditto, ditto.
Friendship, of and for Anstruther, Scott, from ditto,

Elsinore, June 5. 1787. Wind Northerly.

WOOD AND HOWDEN.

ARRIVED AT LEITH,

June 21. Danby, Holland, from Yarmouth, flour & grain.
Providence, Wilson, from Methel, in ballast.
William and Clement, Gibson, from Berwick, flour.
22. Concord, Bale, from Riga, with hemp and flax, &c.
Peggy, Parson, from Memel, with wood.
Tyne, Gay, from Hull, with goods.
23. Several sloops with coals, &c.

TO BE SOLD OR LET,

A HOUSE in the Society, being the 4th storey of M'Connochie's Land, consisting of five rooms, two light closets, kitchen, and garrets, a cellar fitted up with catacombs; access to a water pipe, and other conveniencies, as last possessed by Mr David Russel, accountant.

The key of the house lies with Mr Potts, merchant, Bristo-Port.

For further particulars, apply to James Gentle, writer, Smith's Land, Edinburgh.——Not to be repeated.

TO LET,

A HOUSE in Buccleugh Place, opposite the Assembly Rooms, George's Square, consisting of an elegant Dining Room and Drawing Room, two Bed-Rooms, Bed Closets, Kitchen, &c. Owing to a particular circumstance, the house was prevented from setting before the term: It will, therefore, be let at a reduced rent, till Whitsunday next. It is in excellent order, and may be entered to immediately. For particulars, enquire at Mr George Dewar, Luckenbooths. Not to be repeated.

ADJOURNMENT of Sale of Lands in Roxburgh-shire, and Superiorities in the county of Edinburgh.

AT the desire of persons intending to purchase, the sale of the Lands and Barony of NEWTON, and other Lands in Roxburghshire, and Superiorities of PENDRIECH, in the county of Edinburgh, which were advertised to be Sold on the 27th curt. is ADJOURNED to a future day, of which notice will afterwards be given.

In the mean time, the rentals and progress of writs will be seen by applying to James Walker writer to the signet, who will give information as to other particulars.

To be SOLD by Private Bargain,

THE Lands and Estate of ELLISETOUN, lying in the parish of Lessudden, and sheriffdom of Roxburgh.

The estate is situated in a dry sporting country, on the south side of the Tweed, 39 miles distant from Edinburgh, by a good turnpike road, and in the vicinity of Jedburgh, Kelso, Melrose, and Selkirk, all good market towns. It consists of about 1200 acres, all arable, completely inclosed and divided by thriving hedges, from 15 to 25 years old, extensive plantations of all kinds of trees of the same age, which communicate with each other, and afford sheltered walks of several miles in length. The Mansion-house and offices are in good repair, and fit for the immediate reception of a genteel family; are situated in a lawn of about 70 acres, well laid down; a kitchen garden and shrubbery at a convenient distance; several pieces of water, stocked with carp, trout, and perch; they are kept constantly full by a number of streams, which at the same time water the fields. The soil is good, and produces all manner of old trees. The estate affords three freehold qualifications in the shire of Roxburgh.

For particulars, apply to George Martin or Thomas Smith, writers, Argyle's Square, Edinburgh.

Lands in Linlithgowshire

TO BE SOLD.

THE Lands of MOSSHALL, REDHEUGH, and LATCHBRAE, all lying contiguous, upon both sides of the great road from Edinburgh to Glasgow, by Whitburn, nineteen miles west from Edinburgh. They consist of above 200 English acres, all arable, holding of a subject superior for a trifling feu-duty, and all inclosed with hedge and ditch. The rent when last in lease, was above 100 l. Sterling.—Upon the premises there is a small Mansion, of six fire rooms, with proper offices, most agreeably situated, at a proper distance from the high road, commanding a pleasant view of the country, and surrounded with a considerable quantity of old and young planting, in a thriving condition. There are several seams of coal in the ground which were never wrought. The lands can be improved at a cheap rate, as there is plenty of coal and lime in the neighbourhood.

The purchaser may enter to the possession of the whole lands at Martinmas next; and if he chuses, may retain two thirds of the price.

For particulars enquire at Mr John Johnston, writer in Bathgate; or James Forman writer to the signet, in whose hands the title-deeds will be seen.

Henry Mlln at Blackburn-bridge, adjoining to the lands, will show them.

Judicial Sale, by Adjournment.

Upset Price Reduced.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Parliament or New Session house of Edinburgh, upon the 28th day of June 1787, betwixt the hours of six and seven in the afternoon,

The REMAINING PART of the SUBJECT which belonged to Andrew Cranston, in the Abbey of Holyroodhouse, viz.

I. The Tenement of Houses and Pertinents, lying in the Abbey, set in tack to Mrs Binning, the free yearly rent of which is proved to be 47l. 12s. 10d. Sterling, and the upset price, which was formerly fixed at 565l. 2s. 2d. Sterling, being twelve years purchase of the proven rent, is now reduced to 300l. Sterling.

II. The Tenement of Houses lying in the Abbey, now or lately possessed by Andrew Cranston, William Lamb, and Mrs Crawford, the free yearly rent of which amounts to 26l. 17s. 9d. 3-12ths Sterling, valued at 268l. 18s. 1d. being at the rate of ten years purchase, the upset price is now 300l. Sterling.

III. The yearly Feu-duty of 8l. Sterling, and the Casualities of Superiority exigible by Mr Cranston, in virtue of a feu-charter granted to him by the late George Miller brewer in the Abbey. This superiority is proven to be worth 168l. Sterling, being twenty-one years purchase of the feu-duty; but the upset price is now reduced to 155l. Sterling.

The conditions of sale and title-deeds are in the office of Mr John Callender depute-clerk of Session; and copies of the proven rental may be got from Kenneth Mackenzie jun. writer to the signet.

FARMS of the Estate of TROQUAIR.

In the Shires of Peebles and Selkirk.

TO LET, on leases for nineteen years, to commence at Whitsunday next 1788.

Names of Farms.	*Present Possessors.*	*Rents.* Sterling.
Grieston, Orchard, and Birks,	Thomas Gibson,	L. 150 0 0
Broom,	Thomas Gibson,	40 0 0
Fethen, Glenlude, and Newhall,	Robert Horsburgh,	140 0 0
Know, Rigs, and Tanlelburn,	John Tait,	232 8 0
West Bold, and Flora,	John Murdison,	106 1 1
Damhead,	Thomas Salton,	90 0 0
Boreman,	Heirs of William Murray,	30 0 0
Killhills,	Charles Brodie,	11 0 0
Haughhead,	William Thorburn,	7 10 0
The Hag,	Charles Brodie, younger,	7 0 0
Boat-house,	Adam Scott,	4 10 0

Besides the money-rent, there are certain small casual rents, payable by the present possessors, which are to be continued.

Proposals in writing for any of the said farms to be lodged on or before the first of November next, with Colquhoun Grant writer to the signet at Edinburgh, or William Maciver the Earl of Traquair's factor, at the house of Traquair.—All proposals to be kept secret, but those that are accepted of.

N. B. The Farms will be shown by the ground officer, or by a person to be named by Mr Maciver, the factor.

Sale of Lands in Fifeshire Popstoned.

AT desire of several persons intending to purchase, the Sale of the lands of Wester Kincaple, or Newton Geddie, and others, belonging to Major Patton, is postponed till *Thursday the 19th of July next.*

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 18th day of July 1787, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

ALL AND WHOLE

The Lands of Carfin and Todholeburn,

consisting of 478 acres 2 roods and 10 falls of arable ground, Scots measure, pleasantly situated upon the river Calder, within two miles of the market town of Hamilton, 14 miles from Glasgow, and thirty-three from Edinburgh, and having good roads to all these places. There is a commodious dwelling-house and a considerable quantity of planting upon the premisses, and the purchaser may enter to the possession of 121 acres out of lease.

As also, the Two Merk Land of OVERMUIR, and the Four Merk and Forty Penny Land of GLENS, consisting of upwards of 700 acres, lying in the parish of Loudoun, and sheriffdom of Ayr.

And likewise the SUPERIORITY of the Lands of LADYTOWN and others, lying in Ayrshire, which hold of the Prince, and, being retoured a forty-shilling land of old extent, entitles the proprietor to vote for a member of Parliament for the county.

Joseph Cauvin, writer to the signet, has power to conclude a private bargain,—The title-deeds, plans, rentals, and articles of roup, will be seen in his hands. And for further particulars application may be made to him, or to Mr Hamilton, collector of the land tax, Glasgow.

Judicial Sale of Lands in Galloway.

TO be SOLD by public roup, by authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 7th day of August 1787, between the hours of five and eight in the afternoon,

The LANDS and ESTATE of NEWLAW, and others, lying within the parishes of Renwick and Kirkcudbright, and shewartry of Kirkcudbright; to be exposed in the eight several lots, and at the respective upset prices after mentioned, viz.

LANDS in the parish of KERWICK.

LOT I. The Seventeen-merk Land of old extent of NEWLAW, and the Lands of MONKSMUIR, comprehending the Farms of Newlaw and Clonrig, and Abbey Lands and Houses, with the Teinds and Multures of the same. The free proven rent is 291 l. 2 s. and the proven value, at twenty-four years purchase, which is to be the upset price, is - - - L. 6986 8 0

These lands, including the teinds, hold of the Crown, and are valued in the Cess-books of the shewartry at 440 l. Scots.

There is a good deal of natural wood, some thriving plantations, and a valuable orchard of young fruit trees on the lands in this lot.

LOT II. The Lands of BALMANGAN, with the Miln, Miln-lands, and Multures. The free proven rent is 34l. 8s. 3d. 5-12ths; and the proven value, at twenty-four years purchase, is - - 825 18 10

These lands also hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess-books of the shewartry at 50 l. Scots.

LOT III. The six-merk Land of NETHER RERRICK, alias READDICK, with the pertinents. The free proven rent is 155 l. 7 s. 9 d. 10-12ths; and the proven value, at twenty-four years purchase thereof, is - 3729 7 8

These lands also hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess-books of the shewartry at 130 l. Scots.

There is some old Wood, with several thriving Plantations, and an Orchard of Fruit Trees on the lands in this lot.

LOT IV. That Part of the Five-merk Land of AIRDS of old extent, with the pertinents, possessed by William Macbrair. The free proven rent is 37 s. 13 s. 11 d. 11-12ths; and the proven value at twenty-four years purchase thereof, is - - 904 15 10

The lands of Airds also hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess-books of the shewartry at 110 l. Scots.

LOT V.—The Lands of BALCARRY, with the teinds thereof, and part of AIRDS, laid on thereto, as possessed by Thomas Clerk and others. The free proven rent is 52 l. 8 s. 10 d. 6-12ths: And the proven value, at twenty-four years purchase thereof, is 1258 13 0

The lands of Balcarry and teinds hold blench of Sir Robert Maxwell of Orchardtown, for payment of one penny Scots, if asked only. And the lands of Airds hold of the crown, as above mentioned.

N. B. There is a feu-duty of 10 l. 7½ d. payable out of the teinds of Balcarry, which has been discovered since the proven rental of these lands were made up.

LOT VI. The Three-merk Land of NETHER LINKINS, with the pertinents. The free proven rent is 43 l. 10 s. 3 d. 10-12ths: and the proven value, at twenty-four years purchase, is - - 1044 7 8

These lands also hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess-books of the shewartry at 60 l. Scots.

LOT VII. The Four-merk Land of OVER HAZLEFIELD. The free proven rent is 138 l. 5 s. 5 d. 4-12ths: and the proven value, at twenty-four years purchase is, 3318 10 8

These lands likewise hold of the Crown.—There is no ministers stipend payable for them. They are valued in the cess-books of the shewartry at 90 l. Scots.

The whole of the lands lie along the Galloway coast, some of them by the sea-side. They command pleasant and extensive views of the Solway Frith, Isle of Man, and English coast. The grounds are in general of the best quality, capable of great improvements, for which they lie most convenient, and also for the exportation of the produce.

PARISH of KIRKCUDBRIGHT.

LOT VIII. A HOUSTEAD and YARD lying in the burgh of Kirkcudbright. The proven rent is 14 s. 6 d. and the proven value at twenty-five years purchase thereof is - - 18 2 6

These subjects hold burgage of the burgh of Kirkcudbright, for the services of burgh used and wont.

Total, L. 18,086 4 2

There is a tack of the teinds of the lands contained in lots 2d, 3d, 4th, 6th, and 7th, from the Deans of the Chapel Royal, current till Martinmas 1790 to the benefit of which the purchasers of these lots will be entitled; and the rental of lot 2d rises 9 l. 19 s. 6 d. after Whitsunday 1788. The rental of sundry other lots rises considerably during the currency of the present leases.

The articles of roup and title-deeds, with plans and measurements of the estate of Newlaw and others, are to be seen at the office of Mr Alexander Stevenson, depute-clerk of Session; and persons wanting further information, may apply to Hugh Corrie, writer to the signet, agent in the sale, or to Commissary Goldie of Dumfries, the factor.

Sale of Houses and Gardens, Dalkeith.

TO be SOLD by public roup, in the house of Mrs Johnston, vintner in Dalkeith, on Friday the 17th day of August next, between twelve and one afternoon,

Several HOUSES in the Cornmarket, Baxters Close, Old Fleshmarket Close, and Cairn's Close, in Dalkeith, with a Garden behind Baxter's Close; another on the south side of the South Vennel of Dalkeith; and the large Garden called *Gibraltar*, on the side of the water of South Esk, opposite to Jeanfield, all which belonged to the late Lady Douglas of Glenbervie.

The subjects will be exposed in such lots as will be convenient for purchasers; and will be shown by John Carfrae, merchant in Dalkeith, who, and John Young, writer to the signet, will inform as to further particulars.

Sale of Lands in Lithgow-shire,

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 8th day of August, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

THE LANDS and BARONY of BLACKBURN, and other Lands adjoining thereto, lying in the parishes of Livingston and Bathgate, and county of Linlithgow, about seventeen miles west from Edinburgh, on the great road to Glasgow.

The lands consist of 956 acres Scots measure, and the yearly rent about 700 l. Sterling, part in tenantry, and part in the proprietor's hands. The lands are all inclosed, and subdivided with hedges and stone dykes, and surrounded with belts of thriving planting.

The grounds are in high cultivation, and well supplied with lime from a quarry working on the estate. There is also a coal, between five and six feet thick, which was formerly wrought on the crop, and may still be wrought to great advantage. On this estate, there is a good modern mansion-house, of sixteen fire rooms, besides closets; and excellent offices of every kind adjoining. The valued rent of the property lands is 666 l. 13 s. Scots, and of the superiorities, 672 l.——In whole, 1338 l. 13 s. Scots.

If more agreeable to purchasers, the estate will be divided into three lots, viz.

LOT I.—Upon which is the mansion-house, and grounds adjacent; yearly rent 402 l. Sterling.

LOT II.—Containing the Mill and Mill-lands, part of Murrayfield, Distillery, Lime-work, Coal, and part of the village of Blackburn; yearly rent, 143 l. Sterling.

LOT III.—Contains part of the lands of Murrayfield, Riddoch-hill, Whitehill, and the rest of the said village; yearly rent, 137 l. Sterling.

As this estate makes three votes for a member of Parliament, if it is sold in lots, it is proposed that each lot shall have a vote.

On the second and third lots there are fine situations for building, being well surrounded with planting; and a purchaser may enter to the mansion-house and part of the grounds at pleasure.

The title-deeds, rentals, and plan of the estate, are lodged with Alexander Watson, writer in Edinburgh; and the grounds and house will be shown by the proprietor at Blackburn: with whom, or Mr Watson, intended purchasers may treat.

SALE OF LANDS

In Kinross and Fife shires.

TO be SOLD by roup, in the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 11th day of July next, betwixt five and six o'clock afternoon,

The Lands and Estate of BLAIR, the Lands of KINNAIRD, DICHENDAP, and DOWHILL, with the teinds, parsonage, and vicarage; together with the feu-duties and superiorities of Dowhill-mill, Cleish-mill, the lands of Nivingston and others near the church of Cleish, all lying in the parish of Cleish, and shire of Kinross. Also, the lands of WOODEND, BLAIRNBATHIE, and CRAIGENCAT, with the teinds thereof, in the parishes of Beath and Dunfermline, and shire of Fife.

The whole lands lie contiguous, and consist of upwards of 3000 Scots acres, or 3760 English acres; whereof 1880 Scots acres, or 2380 English acres, or thereby, are inclosed, including the plantations. There is also a proportion of three undivided commonties, whereof a considerable part will fall to this estate.

The present free rent, after deducing ministers stipends schoolmasters salaries, and a small feu-duty payable to the abbacy of Dunfermline, is 860 l. 13 s. 7 d. 6-12ths; and there are two liferent-tacks upon the termination of which a considerable rise of rent may be expected.

The plantations upon this estate are remarkably flourishing and extensive, and are so disposed as to produce shelter from all directions, and at same time to afford a great variety of beauty and ornament. They were valued in 1772, by a person of undoubted skill, at 9124 l. 17 s. 8 d. when there was only 317 Scots acres planted. They were also valued in 1786, by another person of great experience and knowledge at 12,857 l. 14 s. when there was upwards of 500 Scots or 630 English acres planted. They consist chiefly of oaks; and there is also a great variety of all other kinds of forest-trees and of larixes, and all the different kinds of pines and firs, and of American and other foreign plants. At the time of the last valuation, there existed 823,730 trees (whereof there are fully 170,000 oaks) which, at the price put upon them, is only at the rate of 3½ d. per tree over-head, though there are many of them from 40 to 80 years old, which the last valuator reckons fit for immediate sale, at the value of 5287 l. These 500 acres make no part of the rental, there value being totally estimated into that of the plantations.

The situation of the place is exceedingly convenient, as the turnpike-road from Queensferry by Kinross to Perth, passes through the villages of Kelty-bridge and Maryburgh, which belong to the estate. It is distant twenty miles from Edinburgh, ten from North Queen's Ferry, five from Kinross, and twenty from Perth; and there are plentiful markets in the neighbourhood.

The extensive improvements made on this estate have been by inclosing and planting. The agricultural part has never been overtaken to any extent; there is consequently great room for improvement in that way, there being coal and lime in the grounds and neighbourhood. The whole lands hold blench of the Crown, and afford three freehold qualifications, two in Kinross-shire, and one in Fife. There is an exceeding good house, with every sort of conveniency and accommodation for a large family. The kitchen garden contains three acres, laid out with taste, and plentifully stocked with fruit-trees of all sorts. The fruit-walls are covered with trees of good bearing, and of the best kinds.

Except this garden and the court before the house, there is no expence necessary for keeping as a place; for, though there are ridings and openings through the woods, which serve equally for the purpose of removing the trees that are cut down, and the purposes of walking and riding for pleasure, they are so contrived as to require no expence in maintaining them, or keeping them in order.

There is a bleachfield on this estate, with a bleacher's house, washing-house, drying-house, and every other necessary conveniency, and it is supplied at all times with a most abundant spring of water. There is also a lint-mill adjoining to it; and both the field and the mill have full employment. The villages of Maryburgh and Kelty afford all conveniencies that arise from the neighbourhood of trades people of every denomination, and are so far distant from the house as to cause no inconvenience.

There is plenty of game of all kinds upon the grounds, viz. Grouse or Muir-fowl, Partridges, Woodcocks, Hares, &c. and the neighbouring Lochs abound with Trout, and all sorts of fresh-water Fish.

For further particulars, enquire at William Leslie writer to the signet, who will show the articles of roup, title-deeds, plans of the estate, and tacks; to whom any proposal for a private bargain may be made.

Robert Bruce at Blair will show the grounds.

SALE OF TRINITY LODGE,

In the County of Edinburgh.

To be Sold by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the 8th day of August 1787, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

THE Lands of Trinity Lodge, consisting of about thirty-four Scots acres, pleasantly situated about a mile north from the New Town, on the sea-side above Newhaven, commanding a delightful prospect of the Frith and country around. The lands are all inclosed with hedges, and on the premises there is an excellent dwelling house and offices, fit to accommodate any Nobleman or Gentleman's family; and adjoining to the house there are two gardens with pleasure ground, completely inclosed, and abounding with wall trees and shrubbery.

The greatest part of the price may remain in the purchaser's hands, on proper security.

For further particulars enquire at Robert Brown, writer to the signet, who will show a rental and plan of the lands, and inform as to further particulars.

TO BE SOLD,

THE House and Parks of BARDOWIE, the lands of BARNELLAND, with the Fishing and Property of the Loch of Bardowie; also the lands of FLUCHTER, and FLUCHTER MILN, lands of LONGLEE, with the Tithes great and small; all lying contiguous, in the parish of Baldernoch, and shire of Stirling, about six miles distant from Glasgow, mostly inclosed and subdivided. There is plenty of coal and lime in the lands, and a great quantity of fall grown timber, and plantations of young trees on the estate. The loch abounds with Fish, and covers about sixty acres of ground.—Any person wanting to purchase, will please apply to Richard Allan of Bardowie.

If the estate is not sold soon altogether, it will be sold in lots as purchasers may incline. If any person purchase the whole, two thousand pounds of the money may remain in his hands, upon giving sufficient security.

The Estate of Old Montrose.

TO be SOLD by public auction, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 31 day of July next, between the hours of five and six afternoon,

The LANDS and BARONY of OLD MONTROSE, The Lands of MARYTOWN, BONNITOWN and FULLERTOWN, and others, all lying in the parish of Marytown, and shire of Forfar.

The free rental of this estate is 1107 l. including the farms in the proprietor's natural possession; valued rent, holding of the Crown, about 2400 l. Scots. The greatest part of the estate has been under leases for a long period, and several of them a good many years still to run. At present the rents are not one half of the real worth.

A great deal has been done on this estate, both useful and ornamental. The plantations are thriving, and sufficiently advanced for beauty and shelter, and the river of Southesk is navigable to the house.

Mr Hercules Mill will show the lands; and the purchaser may have immediate access to the house, policy, and farm in the proprietor's possession; and the rental, progress of writs, and conditions of sale are in the hands of James Rutherford, writer to the signet, who has also power to treat for a private sale.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

Sale of the Estate of Redcastle.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 4th day of July 1787, at six o'clock afternoon,

The Lands and Barony of REDCASTLE, lying in the parishes of Kilerman and Kilmuir-Wester, and county of Ross. These lands hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess-books of the county at 1491 l. At a moderate conversion of the victual, they yield of yearly rent about 1200 l. Sterling; and being very extensive, and still in their natural state, they are capable of great improvement. Their situation is uncommonly agreeable. They lie along the navigable frith of Beauly, which bounds them on the south, for the space of about five miles. They are distant from the burgh of Inverness only about two miles. The soil is of an exceeding good quality, dry and healthy; and, owing to the south exposure, the crops are more early than in the most southerly parts of Scotland. The mansion-house is fit to accommodate a large family. The gardens are extensive, and yield fruits of all kinds in great plenty, early, and of the best quality. There is a considerable salmon-fishing upon the estate, and white fish, and shell-fish of all kinds. The low-country game upon it is plenty; and all sorts of Highland game within a few miles of it. There is some natural wood, and the plantations upon the estate are extensive, and in thriving condition.

Any of the tenants upon the estate will shew the lands; and the rental, title-deeds, and articles of roup are to be seen in the hands of John Tait writer to the signet, Park Place, Edinburgh; and to whom any person may apply who wishes to purchase by private bargain.

Sale of Lands in the county of Stirling.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Friday the 29th day of June curt. to begin at one o'clock afternoon,

The Lands of TORWOOD; also these detached FARMS, called CRAWNEST, LOCHS, and BELLSDYKE, all lying in the parishes of Larbert and Airth, county of Stirling.

The situation of Torwood is remarkably beautiful, commanding a delightful and most extensive prospect, and there are a great quantity of valuable trees of various kinds upon the lands. There is a part of the Torwood of considerable value, lying to the north of the road, leading from Falkirk to Stirling, which is held few of the proprietor of Torwood, and is now in non-entry, so that the purchaser will be entitled to an entry from the vassal.—The soil of the other farms is extremely good, and their vicinity to Carron Works greatly encreases their value.

The lands of Torwood, and each of the farms, will be put up to roup separately.

For farther particulars apply to John Dundas, clerk to the signet.

William Lewis, at the house of Canonhall, will show the grounds.

Lands in the shire of Fife.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, on Friday the 20th day of July 1787, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

THE LANDS of WESTER STRATHORE, lying in the parish of Dysart, and shire of Fife, measuring about 190 Scots acres or thereby. The rent when let 21 years ago was 70 l. Sterling, exclusive of the Mansion-house and Garden.

These lands hold blench of the Crown, and stand rated in the cess-books of the county at 230 l. 10 s. Scots. They are bounded on the north by the water of Lochty, on the south by the water of Orr, and a mile west of the bridge of Orr, on the great road leading from Kirkcaldy to Coupar of Fife, four miles from Dysart, six miles from Kirkcaldy, and two miles from Leven.

The Mansion-house is very commodious, and in good repair, being sheltered with planting on all sides, which is in a thriving condition. The lands are of a good soil, and are capable of great improvement, being all arable, and all inclosed with stone dykes; and there is a good pigeon-house, well stocked with pigeons.

The entry to the mansion-house, garden, and six parks, may be at Martinmas next, and the remainder is under a short lease.

George Millar of Bankhead near the bridge of Orr, will show the grounds; and for further particulars, apply to John Bogue, writer in Edinburgh, in whose hands the title-deeds and articles of roup may be seen; and any person inclining to make a private bargain may apply.

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